

Safety Data Sheet

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Dyna-Plex 21C 500+ Moly Hi-Temp NLGI #1

Grease

Heavy Duty Petroleum Lubricant

Product Code: G850

Universal Lubricants, A PetroChoice Company

2824 N Ohio Street

Wichita, Kansas 67219

Website: www.petrochoice.com

1-800-444-6457 Telephone

1-316-832-3627 Product Information telephone

1-800-633-8253 US, Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Island - Emergency telephone (PERS)

+1-801-629-0667 International / Maritime Emergency telephone (PERS)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS Status:

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the

substance or mixture: SKIN SENSITIZATION – Category 1

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictogram:

Signal Word: WARNING

Hazard Statement: H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: P280 – Wear protective gloves.

P261 – Avoid breathing fumes.

P272 – (OSHA) – Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed

out of the workplace.

Response: P302 + P352 + P363 – IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Take off and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P333 + P313 – If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage: Not applicable.

Disposal: P501 – Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional and national regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified: None known

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms: Heavy Duty Petroleum Lubricant, Grease

Formula: Mixture

Molecular Weight: Variable

Component	CAS Number	Concentration %
Base Lubricating Oils Mixture		90-100
Lithium Soap Thickener	Trade Secret	1-5
Additive Package	Trade Secret	1-5
Molybdenum Disulfide	1317-33-5	1-3

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes

Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of fresh water and continue flushing until irritation subsides. Remove contact lenses, if present, and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.

Inhalation

If breathing difficulty exists, remove individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek medical attention.

Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated area repeatedly with soap and water. Do not reuse clothing until thoroughly cleaned and laundered. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂) or water spray or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools of oil liquid since this may spread fire.

Specific hazards from combustion

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other oxides may be generated as products of combustion.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear full firefighting turn-out gear (full bunker gear), and respiratory protection (SCBA).

Firefighting instructions

Cool fire exposed containers with water spray and avoid spreading burning material with water used for cooling purposes.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions and Protective equipment

Personal Protection, see section 8. Evacuate surrounding area. Keep unnecessary personnel from entering. Any individual not wearing protective equipment should not enter spill or contaminated area until all clean-up has been completed.

Emergency procedures

For personal emergency procedures see section 4. For fire emergency procedures see section 5. Contain spilled oil liquid if possible without posing any risk or personal injury.

Environmental precautions

Prevent spreading over a wide area. Contain spill immediately. Contact appropriate authorities of spill. Do not allow spill to enter sewer system, drains of any kind, surface water or water courses. Avoid flushing to such areas as well.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up or absorb with appropriate inert materials such as, sand, clay, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust, paper fiber etc. Large spills may be picked up using vacuum pumps, shovels, buckets or other means of transfer and place into drums or any other approved and suitable containers.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage

Store in only approved and marked containers. Keep containers closed when not in use and during transportation. Keep containers away from flame or other ignition sources.

Incompatibilities

May react strong with oxidizing agents, such as hydrogen peroxide, bromine, and chromic acid.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Antimony dialkyldithiocarbamate Registry number: NJTSR 800983-5015P	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours.

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV)

5.00 mg/m³ suggested for oil mist.

Respiratory protection

If vapor mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, use approved respiratory protection. All respirators must be NIOSH certified. Fit testing may be required before use. Do not use compressed oxygen in hydrocarbon atmospheres. Adequate ventilation in accordance with good engineering practices must be provided to maintain concentrations below the specified exposure or flammable limits.

Hand protection

Hand protection is required. Wear chemical resistant gloves suitable for the product, contact your safety department or supplier to determine the proper hand protection. If handling hot material, use proper insulated gloves.

Eye protection

If material is handled such that it could be splashed or misted into eyes, wear plastic face shield or splash resistant safety goggles or glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection

Use impervious clothing (boots, gloves, aprons, bibs, etc.) over parts of the body subject to exposure. If handling hot material, use insulated protective clothing. Contact your facility safety department or safety supplier to determine the proper protective equipment for your use.

Hygiene measures

Thoroughly wash contaminated areas of the body which may have been exposed with soap and water. Do not use contaminated clothing, launder clothing before reuse. Properly dispose of contaminated clothing or articles that cannot be laundered such as leather gloves, boots, etc. Wash thoroughly before handling food and beverages. Food and beverage consumption should be avoided in work areas where hydrocarbons are present.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Black, tacky

Physical state: Solid

Odor: Mineral oil

Specific gravity (H₂O=1): 0.9300

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point (Cleveland Open Cup): 220°C, (430°F)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: No data available

Vapor pressure: No data available
Solubility in water: Negligible @25°C
Percent volatile: No data available

Vapor density (air=1): No data available

Evaporation rate: No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, open flames, oxidizing materials and mist.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other oxides may

be generated as products of combustion.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Antimony dialkyldithiocarbamate	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		16000 mg/kg 16400 mg/kg	-

Acute inhalation toxicity: No data available

Irritation/Corrosion: There is no data available. **Sensitization:** May cause allergic skin reaction.

Carcinogenicity Classification: There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard: There is no data available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

Eye Contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin Contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Irritation Redness

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Short term exposure:

Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Potential delayed effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure:

Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Potential delayed effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects:

General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction

may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Biodegradability: No data available **Bioaccumulation:** No data available **Toxicity to fish:** No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: No data available

Toxicity to algae: No data available

Toxicity to bacteria: No data available

Mobility in soil: Spills are unlikely to penetrate the soil under normal conditions.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal methods

All disposals must comply with federal, state and local regulations. Spilled or discarded material may be a regulated waste. Refer to state and local regulations. If other material was used during cleanup efforts the resultant mixture may be regulated.

Empty Containers

Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Road/Rail/Waterways: Not dangerous/hazardous goodsTransport Canada Road/Rail/Waterways: Not dangerous/hazardous goods

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal regulations: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Antimony

dialkyldithiocarbamate; Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Hydrogen sulfide: Ammonia

Clean Air Act Section 112: Listed

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602: Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602: Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals: (Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Hydrogen sulfide	0 - 0.01	Yes.	500	-	100	-

SARA 304 RQ: 19841269.8 lbs / 9007936.5 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Alkylmercaptothiadiazole	0.1 - 1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Antimony dialkyldithiocarbamate Registry number: NJTSR 800983-5015P	-	Proprietary
Supplier notification	Antimony dialkyldithiocarbamate Registry number: NJTSR 800983- 5015P	-	Proprietary

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: Molybdenum disulphide

New York: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey: The following components are listed: Distillates

(petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic; Distillates

(petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic;

Antimony dialkyldithiocarbamate

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: Antimony

dialkyldithiocarbamate

California Prop. 65

No products were found.

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0



Health: 0 Flammability: 1

HMIS Classification

Physical Hazards: 0 Personal Protection: B

HEALTH	0
FLAMMABILITY	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	В

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information and recommendations contained within this document are believed by PetroChoice to be accurate and reliable as of the date prepared. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and analysis and in no way guarantee the chemical specifications for the specified product. It is solely the responsibility of the user to determine safe conditions for use of this product and to assume liability for any loss, damage or expense arising out of the product's improper use. The user should consider the information in this document in the context of how the selected product will be handled and used in conjunction with other products. It is the user's responsibility to determine that the product is suitable for the intended use.

Appropriate warnings and safe-handling procedures should be provided to all handlers and users. PetroChoice assumes no responsibility for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices within this document.

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